

Literature Performed

Improvisation on Old Hundreth

PERFORMER: SEBASTIAN LAZO

Variation III | “Old Folks at Home”

Dudley Buck (1839-1909)

PERFORMER: JUSTIN BARBER

Passacaglia and Pifaro on Nettleton

William Allen Pasch (b. 1948)

PERFORMER: MAGGIE TRAN

Setting of “Sine Nomine”

Dennis Janzer (b. 1954)

PERFORMER: MAGGIE TRAN

Nun komm der Heiden Heiland

Dietrich Buxtehude (1637-1707)

PERFORMER: JOSEPH ANTONACCI

Tocatta Brevis

Daniel Gawthrop (b. 1949)

PERFORMER: MAGGIE TRAN

Excerpt from Symphony No. 3

Camille Saint-Saëns (1835-1921)

PERFORMER: JUSTIN BARBER

Herzliebster Jesu

Helmut Walcha (1907-1991)

PERFORMER: JUSTIN BARBER

Chorale Prelude on “Lyons”

Mark Albrecht (b. 1962)

PERFORMER: MAGGIE TRAN

Festival Toccata

Percy E. Fletcher (1879-1932)

PERFORMER: GRACE NEILSON

Notes from Demonstration

A **rank** is a row of pipes in one tone color.

A **stop** is the knob or tablet that turns a rank on or off.

8 foot ranks – same as piano pitch

4 foot ranks – sound one octave higher

2 foot ranks – sound two octaves higher

16 foot ranks – sound one octave lower

32 foot ranks – sound two octaves lower

The Andrew Anderson Memorial Pipe Organ contains 99 ranks and 5,396 pipes!

The keyboard(s) on the console are called manual(s).

The manuals on this instrument are:

Bombarde

Choir

Swell

Great

Positiv

The larger the pipe, the lower the sound; the smaller the pipe, the higher the sound.

Mechanical action

makes use of long rods, called trackers, which are connected from the key to the valve under the pipe.

In **electrical action**, the pressure of the key activates a circuit to an electro-magnet which opens the pipe valve.

There are five families of sounds distinct to the pipe organ: **Principals**, **Flutes**, **Mixtures/Mutations**, **Strings**, and **Reeds**.

The **zimbelstern** produces a continuous ‘tinkling’ sound when activated.

Organists wear special shoes to facilitate playing on the pedal board.

